

# Interventions to Promote Seasonal Influenza Vaccinations among Non-Healthcare Workers Interventions with Actively Promoted, Off-site Vaccinations

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## Task Force Finding and Rationale Statement

### Intervention Definition

Interventions with actively promoted, off-site influenza vaccinations encourage workers to obtain influenza vaccinations in a location other than that in which they normally work using any of a variety of approaches. These include providing vouchers or leave time, conducting health education sessions, and sending reminders about the importance of influenza vaccination. The intervention must be promoted through formal worksite announcements, such as newsletters, e-mails, paycheck inserts, or posters in the worksite and may include multiple components.

### Task Force Finding (June 2008)

The Task Force finds insufficient evidence to determine the effectiveness of interventions with actively promoted, off-site influenza vaccinations to increase influenza vaccination coverage among workers in worksites because only one study qualified for review and it had a small effect size.

### Rationale

Studies evaluating the effect of interventions with actively promoted, off-site influenza vaccinations to increase coverage among workers in general worksites provided insufficient evidence to support a determination on effectiveness. The evidence included one study with greatest suitability of study design and fair quality of execution; however, the finding for that study was small (0.8 percentage points). This study evaluated the effectiveness of promoting off-site influenza vaccinations through second postcard reminders. No other studies included in this review provided evidence on other morbidity, mortality, or productivity outcomes for this intervention.

*The data presented here are preliminary and are subject to change as the systematic review goes through the scientific peer review process.*

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### Disclaimer

The findings and conclusions on this page are those of the Community Preventive Services Task Force and do not necessarily represent those of CDC. Task Force evidence-based recommendations are not mandates for compliance or spending. Instead, they provide information and options for decision makers and stakeholders to consider when determining which programs, services, and policies best meet the needs, preferences, available resources, and constraints of their constituents.

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